

Amendments to the Specification:

Please make the following amendments to the specification. Material to be inserted in replacement paragraphs or sections is in **bold and underline**, and material to be deleted is in ~~strikeout~~ or (if the deletion is of five or fewer consecutive characters or would be difficult to see) in double brackets [[]].

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 9, line 11, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figs. 5-7 show an ink container 120 that includes an ink-container lid 122 and an ink-container reservoir body 124 that are complementarily configured to collectively define a bounded volume in which ink may be contained. The ink-container lid and the reservoir body may be collectively referred to as a reservoir, ink reservoir, or printing-fluid reservoir. In some embodiments, such a reservoir may be formed from a single structural piece, or two or more pieces that are connected differently [[that]] **than** shown in the illustrated embodiment. Lid 122 may include an inner-side that faces towards the inside of the ink container when the reservoir body is coupled to the lid. The lid may include one or more portions adapted to engage a reservoir body or otherwise secure the lid to the reservoir body. In some embodiments, a lid and a reservoir body may be releasably secured to one another while some embodiments may utilize a lid and a reservoir body that are connected in a substantially permanent arrangement. A gasket or other suitable seal may be fit at an interface between lid 122 and reservoir body 124 to enhance the ability of the lid and the reservoir body to hold a volume of ink or other printing fluid.

Page 2 - AMENDMENT
Serial No. 10/632,728
HP Docket No. 200209322-1
KH Docket No. HPCC 3A5

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 15, line 7, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Ink-container lid 122 may include a progressive alignment mechanism, in which alignment of the ink-container lid becomes more precise as the ink-container lid is more completely seated in an ink-container bay. For example, outer perimeter 128 may be sized slightly smaller than corresponding sidewalls 180 of ink-container bay 170, and the ink-container bay may be configured to engage the ink-container lid before the alignment pocket tightly engages the alignment member. Therefore, the outer-perimeter can provide a course alignment for the ink-container lid. The fit between the ink container and sidewalls 180 can be relatively tolerant so that it is easy to initiate the course alignment. Although the course alignment may be less precise than the alignment provided by alignment pocket ~~[[172]]~~ 152, the ink container can be in a greater range of positions when the course alignment is initiated compared to when fine alignment is initiated. The ink container and ink-container bay may be configured so that alignment pocket 152 is directed to a position to engage alignment member 176 by the course alignment interaction between outer-perimeter 128, shoulder portion 132, and sidewalls 180. In some embodiments, course alignment may not include an actual physical interaction, but rather a visual cue for placing an ink container into a coarsely aligned position.

Page 3 - AMENDMENT
Serial No. 10/632,728
HP Docket No. 200209322-1
KH Docket No. HPCC 3A5

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 20, line 28, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Figs. 17-19 show a more detailed view of a sealing member 260 of fluid interface 158. Sealing member 260 includes a ball sealing portion 262 that is shaped to mate with a yieldably biased plug member to form a fluid tight seal that prevents undesired fluid leakage when the fluid interface is not engaged by a corresponding fluid connector (Fig. 18). Sealing portion 260 also includes a needle sealing portion 264 that prevents undesired fluid leakage when the fluid interface is engaged by a corresponding fluid connector (Fig. 19). As shown in Fig. 18, a spring member 266 biases a plug member 268 against ball sealing portion 262 of the sealing member. Sealing portion 262 is complementarily shaped relative to the plug member so that when the plug member is pressed against the sealing portion a fluid tight seal is established. As shown in Fig. 19, a fluid connector 202 may be inserted through sealing member 260, and the fluid connector may move the plug member away from the sealing member against a restorative force applied by the spring member. When the plug member is moved away from the sealing member, the fluid tight seal between the sealing member and the plug member is relaxed. However, a fluid tight seal between the fluid connector and the sealing member may be established. As shown in Fig. 20, fluid connector 202 may include an end portion 270 that has fluid passage features 274 that permit the flow of fluid into a hollow portion 276 of the fluid connector when the fluid connector engages the plug member. The above is provided as a nonlimiting example of a possible configuration for a fluid interface and

a corresponding fluid connector. It should be understood that other mechanisms may be used to selectively seal fluid in a fluid container while remaining within the scope of this disclosure. As one example, a slit septum that self seals when a needle is removed may be used.

Please replace the Abstract beginning at page 37, line 6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

A printing-fluid container includes a reservoir configured to hold printing fluid. The reservoir includes a substantially planar front surface and a bottom surface defining defines a well in a gravitationally low portion of the reservoir. A cross-sectional area of the reservoir in the well is less than a cross-sectional area of the reservoir above the well. The printing-fluid container also includes a fluid interface on the front surface adjacent the well, which is configured to releasably receive a fluid connector to laterally draw printing fluid from the well.